



Edmonton Daily Bulletin.

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TWELVE PAGES TODAY

EDMONTON, ALBERTA, WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1914

MORNING EDITION

PHONE 2916
RITCHIE COAL CO.
1029 JASPER AVE.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

EDMONTON WILL CONTRIBUTE 2000 MEN FOR WAR

North Sea Open to British Shipping---French Driven Back From Mulhausen

Citizens Support Will Make This Year's Fair the Best Yet Held

DESPITE WAR TIME HANDICAP FAIR IS OFF TO GOOD START

Six Thousand People Were on the Grounds Yesterday—Today is Farmers' Day—Hon. Frank Oliver Formally Opens Fair

—Four Generations in a Family of Horses Are Represented

TODAY'S PROGRAM.

9 a.m.— Gates open.
9 a.m.—All buildings and exhibits open to the public. Dog show opens. Judging continues in all departments. Horse racing resumes. Heavy horses will be judged today.

2 p.m.—Platinum attractions and judging of light horses in the grand stand.

2:30 p.m.—Horse racing and running races start.

3:30 p.m.—Polo game in front of the grandstand.

7:30 p.m.—Evening performances in the grandstand.

Folk dances, vaudeville attractions, canary birds, ride by the Alberta Dragons, musical tattoos and massed band, grand display of mechanical works.

Midway attractions open all day.

Although facing the very serious handicap of a general tightening of purse strings, owing to the great number of imports from the British Empire upon this part of the British Empire, Edmonton citizens have shown a desire to get a better start yesterday than the management had hoped for. There were 6,000 people on the fair grounds on the grounds yesterday and the total receipts were \$2,780, as compared with \$8,640 yesterday.

"When we can come with \$100," said Mr. Frank Oliver, minister of agriculture, "we will have a bigger start." The clock last night in his office on the grounds was set to midnight, so the people will settle down to a better start yesterday than the management had hoped for.

With the coming of a sharp frost yesterday, the weather was not up to the mark, but the public nevertheless turned out in the afternoon, which no doubt kept the attendance up.

The general conditions due to the war, did very well. If the citizens of Edmonton are to be believed, the Wednesday, and particularly on Thursday, will be a great attraction.

It is to be hoped, however, that we shall at least do whatever best that we can.

The Fair Starts Day.

Today is Farmers' Day at the fair, and special excursions trains are being run on the Canadian Northern and Grand Trunk lines. There are several thousand persons from the surrounding districts who will be here for the big days at the fair. The dog show opens this morning and the meat market, one of the main features of the exhibition's many interests will be open at 12 o'clock. The horses used in the heavy horse classes have been arranged for today.

The polo field, military tattoo and fireworks are going to be held this evening. At 8 o'clock last night when the small crowd in the grand stand were gathered around the military marchers and many patriotic airs played by the band, the band leader, a man in a crowd that would tax the grand stand seating, could be heard and it itself would provide a great attraction for the evening.

Last night though there were not more than fifteen hundred people in the stands and half the seats empty, the band leader, a man in a crowd marching by playing "The British Grenadiers" and "The Queen's Own Yeomanry," the crowd stood up and cheered with a will. The musical ride, the tattoo and the fireworks, which are on a better and larger scale than at

A Few of Today's WANTS

LOST—An envelope containing insurance policy and picture addressed to Berlin, Germany. Please return to Berlin.

A DEFINED ENGLISH SPEAKING PERSON NEEDED—To help or companion in the city. Special references.

WANTED—CAMERA IN FIRST CLASS order. Must be cheap for cash. Box 86, Bulletin.

FOR RENT—A COUPLE OF NICE FURNISHED rooms for young ladies or gentlemen. Apply Mrs. J. L. Cots, Box 87, Bulletin.

WANTED—ONCE A GOOD RELIABLE cook. Apply Mrs. J. L. Cots, Box 87, Bulletin.

FOR RENT—NICE FURNISHED room in all wooden house; use of piano and telephone. Apply Mrs. J. L. Cots, Box 87, Bulletin.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED CANADIANERS to work on commission. Apply to French Chocolates, 618 Jasper Ave.

FOR SALE—YOUTHFUL COMPLETE for \$100. Will complete. Will Robinson, 1 White St., Phone 120.

WANTED—THE CORPUS CHRISTI, TEXAS, will be sold for \$100. Will Robinson, 1 White St., Phone 120.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED CANADIANERS to work on commission. Apply to French Chocolates, 618 Jasper Ave.

Additional Wants on Pages 8 and 9



ADMIRAL VON TIEL-PEXZ, commander of the German naval forces.

WEALTHY HEIRESS OF TORONTO OFFERS TO RAISE REGIMENT

By Captain Leander Williams
OTTAWA, Aug. 11.—A wealthy heiress of Toronto has written to ministers of defense offering to raise a regiment of her own to defend the country at her own expense to show the loyalty of the Canadians to the new government.

She has offered to pay all expenses.

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WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 12, 1914

Portugal has declared herself on the side of England, in conformity to a treaty made some hundred years ago. That is significant out of all proportion to the importance of the fact. It indicates how Portugal—and the weaker Powers generally—regard Britain's position.

Valueless possessions in Africa, one of which would have been of great use to Britain during the Boer war, and which Britain has been in position to annex any day she felt like it. But they have not been annexed, and there has never been a thought of grabbing them, or of letting any other Power grab them. So far as Britain is concerned, Portugal is thought of in her possessions as though they were guarded by an army of millions and a fleet of super-dreadnaughts. So with Belgium, which owns the Congo, and Holland, which has islands in the Pacific many times larger than the Netherlands, and all the dozen smaller nations of Europe which maintain their existence by suffering. More than that, Portugal has little if any of the earth's sun face to the expenditure of British blood and money, and all of them have cause to remember that British diplomacy—backed by the British fleet—has put a check upon the ambitions of avaricious neighbors.

The attitude of these weaker nations is now, and is normally, one of thorough accord with Britain. In her vast fleet and far-flung Empire they see no menace to themselves. They are the innocent pawn in the game of the British Government.

Royal Edward Sails From Montreal With French Reservists—Strange Craft in Gulf

The Provincial Government have offered Britain a half million bushels of oats for the war chest. The contribution is essentially practical, will probably be more welcome than the money, and fittingly expresses the desire that the people of the Province should take some distinctive part in providing for carrying on the struggle.

It turns out that the war vessels purchased from Chile are submarines; also that they were bought by the British Columbia Government. The Dominion Government not seemingly likely to conclude before war was declared. They will of course be taken over by the Dominion Government, and no doubt supplemented by other submarines, destroyers and cruisers as these can be acquired.

It is to be hoped that the Ottawa decision of this morning is finalizing that the special service squadron of the 19th Dragons may not be sent to the front; is not correct. It was on the understanding that the corps was to accompany the Canadian contingent that the men enlisted. If that is not the intention, or if the intention to send them on active service has been reversed, in fact, they will be given their discharge and offered reemployment from the Royal Canadian Artillery.

Montreal, Aug. 11.—The order for the purchase of 100,000 tons of Atlantic sailings of the Allan Line, steamship Alsatian, Victorian and Coromandel, was signed by the British Admiralty on board the Royal Edward. The vessel will be converted into a transport ship and will be taken over by the British Admiralty.

While the ports of Montreal and Quebec have been closed as far as possible, the Royal Edward, under orders, was explained by the port authorities, will be allowed to land foreign trade on the river and lake.

Montreal, Aug. 11.—A dispatch from Quebec says: "The authorities have issued a permit to allow the loading of ships on the St. Lawrence of the presence of the Queen in Quebec, whose purpose as yet have not been disclosed. The permit has been issued to the steamer Alsatian, which will go to the front and will see active service as part of the Canadian contingent."

NO COUNTERRANDING ORDERS RECEIVED

Lieut.-Col. Jamieson, officer commanding the Alberta Dragoons, has received no orders from Ottawa regarding organizing a divisional cavalry squadron. He has, however, received no advice from Ottawa concerning his original orders, and is preparing to issue a general order without reference to the newspaper that this morning he had received from Ottawa.

Montreal, Aug. 11.—The spot animating the British navy is now exhibited in Captain Fox, the commander of the 1st Battalion Amherst. Having suffered from a burnt hand and face, in addition to the shock he sustained when he was hit while the Nobe lay down up, he has left England again to undergo further treatment. He will be appointed to another command.

Lord Kitchener has decided to raise another volunteer army of 100,000 men. It will likely be followed by another, and another, and another. In early disposed the British expeditionary force for service on the continent was spoken of as likely to comprise 150,000 men. The final figure may be nearer ten times that number. This is a real war, and having gone into it Britain is bound to see it through. Bismarck once said that if anyone started war with France he would be beaten. That is now being proved.

It can only be regretted that this ship has hitherto been left useless at the pier. The Nobe is now being manured and prepared for service, and, though it will not be possible to pick up a well-trained crew as could be desired, should be in commission off the Gulf before many days. The dispatch alluded to, and which may have led to the decision to leave the Nobe in service, follows: "Hastings, Aug. 6.—With the H.A.S. Nobe equipped and at sea, she would be of estimable value to British commerce, in the opinion of Lieut. W. H. Hatchet, R.N.R., chief officer of the Mauritania, which arrived today. Standing on the left bridge of the Cunarder this afternoon, Lieut. Hatchet looked longingly to the dockyard where the idle Nobe lay tied up, and quietly said: 'That fellow ought

'to be at sea.' But she is too slow to overhaul any of the men, engineers, or reports of this particular vessel is a mystery." Hatchet is credited with a speed of 26 knots, and the crew of 25. They could steam rings around the Nobe." Even so," replied Lieut. Hatchet, "she would be exceedingly valuable. She could act as a rendezvous ship, occupying a certain known position. She would be a refuge to which shipping could run to a fox, for none of the German raiders could stand up to the Nobe's battery of sixteen 6-inchers."

Though the war is still on, the Big Fair is now the subject of immediate local attention.

With all going the "Iron Duke" would use up ammunition at the rate of \$80,000 per minute. He has the city administration beaten to a frazzle.

The harbors at Montreal, Quebec and Halifax have been declared closed, owing to the presence of a suspected craft in the Gulf of St. Lawrence. It's a pity we have not a couple of "Bristols" and a flotilla of destroyers in those waters.

From a statement by Premier Asquith, Germany's proposal was that if Britain would remain neutral, France and Italy would be annexed. French possessions outside Europe. To that cold-blooded proposal that we desert an ally only one reply was possible consistent with honor.

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SPECIAL SESSION OF PARLIAMENT IS TO BE VERY BRIEF

Only Two Bills Are to Be Presented for Passage at This Session

NO SOCIAL FUNCTION CONNECTED WITH OPENING

Speech From Throne to Be Moved by Premier and Seconded by Laurier

Ottawa, Aug. 12.—The impression prevails here that the emergency session of Parliament will be held on September 1. It is stated that the government will not only authorise the appropriation of a sum variously estimated at from fifty to \$100,000,000, but will also meet the expense of mobilization, consisting of the gift of three million dollars worth of flour which Canada has contracted to supply to Britain. The bill will be a measure of considerable importance, and will be introduced by the government, and given its second reading.

Under the session laws passed by the government, no social function connected with the opening is permitted. The throne speech will be moved by Premier Laurier and seconded by Sir Wilfrid Laurier.

Unless the session lasts more than two days, the government will be compelled to give a conference proposal.

Austria declares war on Serbia.

July 29.—Russia mobilizes.

July 30.—Germany mobilizes.

July 31.—Austrian Crown Prince and Princess shot dead on Austrian territory by a bullet from a gun.

July 24.—Russia begins a twenty-four hour ultimatum on Germany.

German Foreign Office announces: "World among power interests."

July 25.—Russia begins mobilization.

July 26.—Austria declares war on Serbia.

July 27.—Russia begins mobilization.

July 28.—Austrian bombardment of Belgrade.

July 29.—Russia begins mobilization.

July 30.—Germany begins mobilization.

July 31.—Austrian bombardment of Belgrade.

August 1.—Germany mobilizes.

August 2.—Germany declares war on France.

August 3.—Germany declares war on Russia.

August 4.—Germany declares war on Belgium.

August 5.—Germany declares war on France.

August 6.—Germany declares war on Russia.

August 7.—Germany declares war on Austria.

August 8.—Germany declares war on Italy.

August 9.—Germany declares war on Serbia.

August 10.—Germany declares war on Montenegro.

August 11.—Germany declares war on Greece.

August 12.—Germany declares war on Russia.

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